# VILLAGES OF HOPE: AFRICA SOCIETY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

# **INDEX**

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

**STATEMENT 1 - Financial Position** 

**STATEMENT 2 - Operating Funds Balances** 

**STATEMENT 3 - Operating Fund Activity** 

**STATEMENT 4 - Cash Flows** 

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



People Count.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Directors of: Villages of Hope: Africa Society

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Villages of Hope: Africa Society, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2010 and the statements of operating funds balances, operating fund activity and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audit is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Villages of Hope: Africa Society as at December 31, 2010 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

Guelph, Ontario April 15, 2011 Chartered Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

# VILLAGES OF HOPE: AFRICA SOCIETY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2010

	2010
ASSETS	
Current assets Cash and short-term deposits Due from PAOC (note 5)	\$ 272,049 180,799
	\$ 452,848
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Accounts payable and general accruals	6,260
General fund	446,588
	\$ 452,848

# VILLAGES OF HOPE: AFRICA SOCIETY STATEMENT OF OPERATING FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	 2010
	Total
General Fund Balance, beginning of year	\$ -
Excess of revenue over expenditures after transfers	446,588
	\$ 446,588

# VILLAGES OF HOPE: AFRICA SOCIETY STATEMENT OF OPERATING FUND ACTIVITY YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

		2010
Revenue Donations	\$	1,090,445
		1,090,445
Disbursements		
Transfers to overseas agents		600,553
Administration		38,036
Legal and audit		5,268
_		643,857
Excess of revenue over		
expenditures	\$\$	446,588

# VILLAGES OF HOPE: AFRICA SOCIETY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	2010
Operating activities Excess of revenue over expenditures	\$ 446,588
	446,588
Net change in non-cash working capital items	
Due from (to) related parties	(180,799)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6,260
	(174,539)
Cash flows from operating activities	272,049
Net change in cash and short-term deposits during the year	272,049
Cash and short-term deposits, beginning of year	
Cash and short-term deposits, end of year	\$ 272,049

# VILLAGES OF HOPE: AFRICA SOCIETY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

#### 1. NATURE OF BUSINESS

The organization is registered as a charitable organization with the Canada Revenue Agency, and as such is exempt from income taxes under the Income Tax Act (Canada). The organization was formed in 2009 to facilitate the establishment and administration of excellent care for children at risk, by partnering with various African based organizations. The organization has developed a set of standards for quality childcare, and holds each village accountable to those standards.

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles and include the following significant accounting policies:

#### a) Revenue recognition

The organization records revenue from donations and contributions in the period in which it is received. Receipts designated for specific programs, but not yet expended at year-end, are recorded as restricted designated funds on the organization's statement of financial position.

#### b) Fund accounting

The organization's accounts follow the principles of restricted fund accounting, under which resources for particular purposes are classified, for accounting and reporting, into funds corresponding to those purposes.

# 3. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The orgnization's financial instruments consist of cash and temporary investments. It is management's opinion that the organization is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risk arising from these financial instruments.

The fair value of these instruments approximate their carrying values.

#### 5. DUE FROM PAOC

The balance due from PAOC is unsecured, non-interest bearing and has no set terms of repayment.

# 6. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Comparative figures are not available, as the current year is the first year of operations.